At Risk & Modified Allowable Growth

Muscatine Community School District

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PROVISIONS FOR AT RISK STUDENTS

IOWA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

In Iowa, at risk is defined in the Iowa Code and the Iowa Administrative Code. Since programming is a local decision, definitions and guidance are given so that school districts are able to decide locally what the specific indicators are that put students at risk and guidance for serving these students. (taken from <u>http://educateiowa.gov</u>)

12.2(256) Definition of At-Risk

"At-risk student" means any identified student who needs additional support and who is not meeting or not expected to meet the established goals of the educational program (academic, personal/social, career/vocational). At-risk students, other than students with disabilities, include but are not limited to students in the following groups: homeless children and youth, dropouts, returning dropouts, and potential dropouts.

12.5(13) Provisions for at-risk students

Each school district shall include in its comprehensive school improvement plan the following provisions for meeting the needs of at-risk students:

- 1. Valid and systematic procedures and criteria to identify at-risk students throughout the school district's school-age population.
- 2. Determination of appropriate ongoing educational strategies for alternative options education programs as required in <u>Iowa Code</u> section 280.19A.
- 3. Review and evaluation of the effectiveness of provisions for at-risk students.

Each school district using additional allowable growth for provisions for at-risk students shall incorporate educational program goals for at-risk students into its comprehensive school improvement plan.

- 1. Provisions for at-risk students shall align with the student learning goals and content standards established by the school district or by school districts participating in a consortium.
- 2. The comprehensive school improvement plan shall also include objectives, activities, cooperative arrangements with other service agencies and service groups and strategies for parental involvement to meet the needs of at-risk children.
- 3. The incorporation of these requirements into a school district's comprehensive school improvement plan shall serve as the annual application for additional allowable growth designated in Iowa Code section 257.38

IOWA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION GUIDANCE

Identification of students in each district is highly dependent on student(s) needs. Each school district will be different and the process dynamic. It is important that each district identifies individual students at-risk of school failure and use caution not to identify groups or clusters of students or even schools with a large concentration of high-risk students. Early Warning Systems are crucial for future success and each system should have two components. One is the identification process and the second is using the data for selection and implementation of research-based intervention programs.

MCSD USE OF FUNDS

Muscatine Community School District uses Supplemental Funding primarily for students in grades one through six and Modified Allowable Growth primarily for students in grades seven through twelve. The At Risk Plan is divided into two parts, based on this decision.

SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN

SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING

281--Iowa Administrative Code 97.3(257) Supplementary weighting plan for at-risk students.

97.3(1) Uses of funds. Funding generated by the supplementary weighting plan for at-risk students shall be used to develop or maintain at-risk programs, which may include alternative school programs.

97.3(2) Calculation of funding: Funding for the supplementary weighting plan for at-risk students is calculated as follows:

- Adding a weighting for each resident student of one hundred fifty-six one-hundred-thousandths, and
- Adding a weighting of forty-eight ten-thousandths for each resident student enrolled in grades one through six, as reported by the school district on the basic educational data survey for the base year, who is eligible for free and reduced price meals under the federal

National School Lunch Act and the federal Child Nutrition Act of 1966, 42 U.S.C. Sections 1751-1785.

Each student will achieve Academic Success. This is defined as:

A1 - Grade level performance in Reading and Math as evidenced by standardized assessments

A2 - Regular school attendance

A3 - Satisfactory completion of classroom requirements, including but not limited to assignments, projects, homework and assessments

A4 - Progression through the curriculum at rate that will lead to graduation

Each student will demonstrate **Personal and Social Success**. This is defined as:

P1 - Appropriate interactions and relationships with adults and peers

P2 - Positive choices to avoid involvement with high risk and/or illegal activities,

including sexual activity, gang affiliation and use of drugs and alcohol

P3 - Positive attitude toward and identification with school

P4 - Family and school interactions are supportive of each other

P5 - Appropriate school behavior

IDENTIFICATION AND PLANNING (SUPPLEMENTAL)

Buildings will use the **At Risk Indicators** to identify students who may not be on track to meet the Goals of the Educational Program. Each building will develop their own process and procedures, but it will be done no less than twice a school year. Students who have indicators marked under at least two Academic goal areas or indicators marked under at least two Personal / Social goal areas may be considered At Risk. The team must then determine if the student needs additional supports in order to meet the Goals of the Educational Program. Some students may have risk factors but are not in need of additional supports. If the team determines additional supports are needed a Plan of Support must be developed.

If it is determined that a student is in need of additional supports, an **Supplemental Support** Plan will be developed, based on the At Risk Indicator(s) of concern. The plan will be reviewed a minimum of twice a year and adjusted according to the data. The Supplemental Support **Plan** will be kept in the student's cumulative folder for a minimum of one year.

Academic Success

A1 Goal: Grade level performance in Reading and Math as evidenced by standardized assessments

- Dibels instructional recommendations fall into Intensive Range, indicating 'substantial Interventions'
- Not proficient on Reading Comprehension or Math Total Iowa Assessments

A2 Goal: Regular school attendance

- Absent or tardy more than 5 days in one semester (per School Board Policy 501.2)
- Truant more than 5 days in one semester

A3 Goal: Satisfactory completion of classroom requirements, including but not limited to assignments, projects, homework and assessments.

- 'D' or 'Unsatisfactory' grade in reading/language arts or math
- Receiving support through IEP, Title I, ELL, etc. but still not succeeding as expected
- Does not complete classroom requirements, including but not limited to assignments, projects, homework and assessments.

A4 Goal: Progression through the curriculum at rate that will lead to graduation

• Being considered for retention or has been retained

PERSONAL / SOCIAL SUCCESS

P1 Goal: Appropriate interactions and relationships with adults and peers

- Identified as target of bullying or being a bully
- Referral to office or counselor for inappropriate social skills with peers
- No friendships within school

P2 Goal: Positive choices to avoid involvement with high risk and/or illegal activities, including sexual activity, gang affiliation and use of drugs and alcohol

- Documented use of illegal use of tobacco, drugs or alcohol.
- Expresses desire to belong to gang or inappropriate group (wears colors, draws symbols, etc.)
- Involvement with law enforcement

P3 Goal: Positive attitude toward and identification with school

- Has attended 3 or more schools in two year period
- Expressed feelings of not belonging
- Stealing, destruction of school property
- Parents/family report difficult getting student to school and/or history school avoidance

P4 Goal: - Family and school interactions are supportive of each other

- Language and/or culture are barriers for family involvement in the school
- Sibling has dropped out
- Parent incarcerated

P5 Goal: Appropriate school behavior

- Two suspensions (ISS or OSS) in a year
- Suspensions totaling more than 5 days per semester
- Disciplined for two or more aggressive acts (physical or verbal) in one semester

STUDENT SUPPLEMENTAL SUPPORT PLAN (SSSP)

SSSP - PART A - STUDENT IDENTIFICATION

Student _____ Date _____

LIST DATA ONLY IN THOSE AREAS OF CONCERN

Academic Success	Measure	Date & Score of Pre- Data	Date & Score of Post Data	
A1 Goal: Grade level performance in Reading a assessments	and Math as ev	idenced by sta	indardized	
Dibels – instructional recommendations fall into Intensive Range, indicating 'substantial Interventions'	Dibels Instructional Recommend.			
Not proficient on Reading Comprehension or Math Total – Iowa Assessments	Standard Score			
A2 Goal: Regular school attendance				
Absent or tardy more than 5 days in one semester (per School Board Policy 501.2)	# Tardies & Total # days			
Truant more than 5 days in one semester	# Truancies & Total # Days			
A3 Goal: Satisfactory completion of classroom requirements, including but not limited to assignments, projects, homework and assessments				
'D' or 'Unsatisfactory' grade in reading/language arts or math	Grades			
Receiving support through IEP, Title I, ELL, etc. but still not succeeding as expected	Classroom Data			
Does not complete classroom requirements, including but not limited to assignments, projects, homework and assessments.	Classroom Data			
A4 Goal: Progression through the curriculum at rate that will lead to graduation				
Being considered for retention or has been retained				

Personal / Social Success	Measure	Date & Score of Pre- Data	Date & Score of Post Data
P1 Goal: Appropriate interactions and relationship	ips with ad	ults and peers	
Identified as target of bullying or being a bully	#		
Referral to office or counselor for inappropriate social skills with peers	#		
No friendships within school			
P2 Goal: Positive choices to avoid involvement wi activities, including sexual activity, gang affiliatio	-		
Documented use of illegal use of tobacco, drugs or alcohol.			
Expresses desire to belong to gang or inappropriate group (wears colors, draws symbols, etc.)			
Involvement with law enforcement			
P3 Goal: Positive attitude toward and identification	on with sch	ool	
Has attended 3 or more schools in two year period			
Expressed feelings of not belonging			
Stealing, destruction of school property			
Parents/family report difficult getting student to school and/or history school avoidance			
P4 Goal: - Family and school interactions are supp	portive of e	ach other	
Language and/or culture are barriers for family involvement in the school			
Sibling has dropped out			
Parent incarcerated			
P5 Goal: Appropriate school behavior	1	1	1
Two suspensions (ISS or OSS) in a year	#		
Suspensions totaling more than 5 days per semester	#		
Disciplined for two or more aggressive acts (physical or verbal) in one semester	#		

SSSP - PART B - IMPLEMENTATION

Student	Date

1. Clear description of the concern based on numeric data (baseline data):

- 2. Clear description of the goal based on the Goal and At Risk Indicator:
- 3. Clear description of the research-based support/intervention to be used:
- 4. Name of person responsible for implementing the plan:
- 5. Time frame: Include specific information when possible i.e. start/end dates, number of sessions, etc.

6. Expected outcomes in same measurable terms as baseline data:

SSSP - PART C - EVALUATION

Student	Date
Person Completing Evaluation	
1. Clearly state pre-post data in numeric form:	

2. Based on data, was the plan successful?

- 3. Is the student now meeting or expected to meet the identified goals?
- 4. Next steps brief narrative:

SUPPLEMENTAL RESOURCES

These programs, activities and resources are available to address the concerns of <u>identified</u> At Risk students who need additional support. This list is always changing in order to meet student needs and is not intended to be all-inclusive.

Attendance	Connection	Grades / Credits	Achievement
Social Worker	Social Worker	Reading Interventionist	Reading Interventionist
Student Interventionist (Middle School)	Student Interventionist (Middle School)	Student Interventionist (Middle School)	Read 180
Family supports such as meetings, trainings, etc.	Family supports such as meetings, trainings, etc.	Homework Help	Fusion Reading
	Summer Transition programs	Summer Programs	Tutoring
		Tutoring	

Professional Development for all staff working with At Risk Students may include:

- Positive Behavior Intervention Supports
- Strategies to increase academic achievements of At Risk students, such as Struggling Readers, KU Strategies, etc.
- Increasing awareness of needs of At Risk students
- Successful mentoring programs and techniques

SUPPLEMENTAL PROGRAM EVALUATION

In order to assure we are meeting the needs of our students, each program, activity and support funded through Supplemental and/or MAG dollars is required to complete a report at the end of the year.

SUPPLEMENTAL PROGRAM EVALUATION (SSP)

SSP – PART A - EXPECTATIONS

Program: _____ School Year _____

Person Completing Report: _____

All programs and supports funded with Supplemental At Risk dollars must complete this report and submit to Director of Special Programs. Part A, Program Expectations, is due in the fall and Program Evaluation due at the end of the school year, unless other plans have been made.

School Level: Mark all that apply:

___ Elementary ____ Middle School

Program will focus on helping students to: (select only one)

- □ Attain Academic Success
- □ Attain Personal / Social Success

Projections and Narrative

- 1. Projected/Expected Number of Students Served by this Program: _____
- 2. Projected outcomes stated in numeric, measurable form.
- 3. Narrative describing the program and/or specific interventions/activities that will take place to achieve these outcomes.

Because each program has a different focus and is individualized to meet the needs of students, the reporting format will be different for each. However, the basic data remains the same and is outlined below.

- 1. Student Data
- 2. Name
- 3. Grade
- 4. Goal
- 5. Pre/Post Data
- 6. Must be numeric
- 7. Must support Program Focus
- 8. Goal Achieved (yes/no)
- 9. Total Number of Students Served
- 10. Was the projected outcome met?
- 11. Other data and comments as it relates to this intervention.

MODIFIED ALLOWED GROWTH PLAN

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Rules have been adopted by the State Board of Education to incorporate the application process for modified allowable growth for returning dropout and dropout prevention services into the comprehensive school improvement planning. This action was intended to reduce paperwork and redundancy and to assure comprehensive local planning for all children and youth. To access the available funds, districts must complete the modified allowable growth application available at the Department's secure website, <u>www.edinfo.state.ia.us</u>. Applications for modified allowable growth must be filed with the Department no later than December 15 of the prior school year in which the funds are to be used.

The budget of an approved program for returning dropouts and dropout prevention for a school district, after subtracting funds received from other sources for that purpose, shall be funded annually on a basis of one-fourth or more from the district cost and up to three-fourths by an increase in allowable growth, as defined in Iowa Code section 257.41. By February 15 of each year, the Iowa Department of Education will notify the Department of Management and School Budget Review Committee of the approved budget for each program submitted by local school districts. The Department of Management will establish a modified allowable growth for each district equal to the lesser of the portion of the budget that is not funded from the district's local budget, or five percent of the budget enrollment multiplied times the district cost per pupil. School districts will be notified of the action of the School Budget Review Committee following its March meeting through the unofficial summary posted on the Department's web site.

Budgets approved on the basis of this application must be used for expenditures as described in the approved Comprehensive School Improvement Plan (CSIP) activities or approved continuing applications presently on file at the Department of Education. Balances can be carried over and used to offset future costs and requests for modified allowable growth. (http://educateiowa.gov/)

IOWA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE FUNDING

IOWA CODE: 281—98.21 (257) RETURNING DROPOUT AND DROPOUT PREVENTION PROGRAM.

Returning dropout and dropout prevention programs are funded through a school districtinitiated request to the school budget review committee for modified allowable growth pursuant to Iowa Code sections 257.38 to 257.41. This amount must account for not more than 75 percent of the school district's total dropout prevention budget. The school district must also provide a local match from the school district's regular program district cost, and the local match portion must be a minimum of 25 percent of the total dropout prevention budget. In addition, school districts may receive donations and grants, and the school district may contribute more local school district resources toward the program. The 75 percent portion, the local match, and all donations and grants shall be accounted for as categorical funding.

98.21(1) PURPOSE OF CATEGORICAL FUNDING.

The purpose of the dropout prevention funding is to provide funding to meet the needs of identified students at risk of dropping out of school beyond the instructional program and services provided by the regular school program. The funding shall be used only for expenditures that are directly related to the returning dropout and dropout prevention program.

- 1. Returning dropouts are resident pupils who have been enrolled in a public or nonpublic school in any of grades 7 through 12 who withdrew from school for a reason other than transfer to another school or school district and who subsequently reenrolled in a public school in the school district.
- 2. Potential dropouts are resident pupils who are enrolled in a public or nonpublic school who demonstrate poor school adjustment as indicated by two or more of the following:
 - a. High rate of absenteeism, truancy, or frequent tardiness.
 - b. Limited or no extracurricular participation or lack of identification with school, including but not limited to expressed feelings of not belonging.
 - c. Poor grades, including but not limited to failing in one or more school subjects or grade levels.
 - d. Low achievement scores in reading or mathematics which reflect achievement at two years or more below grade level.
 - e. Children in grades kindergarten through 3 who meet the definition of at-risk children adopted by the department of education.

98.21(2) APPROPRIATE USES OF CATEGORICAL FUNDING.

Appropriate uses of the returning dropout and dropout prevention program funding include, but are not limited to:

1. Salary and benefits for instructional staff, instructional support staff, and schoolbased youth services staff who are working with students who are participating in dropout prevention programs, alternative programs, and alternative schools, in a traditional or alternative setting, if the staff person's time is dedicated to working with returning dropouts or students who are deemed, at any time during the school year, to be at risk of dropping out, in order to provide services beyond those which are provided by the school district to students who are not identified as at risk of becoming dropouts. However, if the staff person works part-time with students who are participating in returning dropout and dropout prevention programs, alternative programs, and alternative schools and has another unrelated staff assignment, only the portion of the staff person's time that is related to the returning dropout and dropout prevention program, alternative program, or alternative school may be charged to the program. For purposes of this paragraph, if an alternative setting is necessary to provide for a program which is offered at a location off school grounds and which is intended to serve student needs by improving relationships and connections to school, decreasing truancy and tardiness, providing opportunities for course credit recovery, or helping students identified as at risk of dropping out to accelerate through multiple grade levels of achievement within a shortened time frame, the tuition costs for a student identified as at risk of dropping out shall be considered an appropriate use of the returning dropout and dropout prevention program funding.

Professional development for all teachers and staff working with at-risk students and programs involving dropout prevention strategies. Research-based resources, materials, software, supplies, and purchased services that meet all of the following criteria:

- 1. Meet the needs of K through grade 12 students identified as at risk of dropping out and of returning dropouts, Ch 98, p.2 IAC
- 2. Are beyond those provided by the regular school program,
- 3. Are necessary to provide the services listed in the school district's dropout prevention plan, and
- 4. Will remain with the K through grade 12 returning dropout and dropout prevention program.
- 5. Up to 5 percent of the total budgeted amount received pursuant to 2012 Iowa Acts, Senate File 451, section 1(1), may be used for purposes of providing district wide or building wide returning dropout and dropout prevention programming targeted to students who are not deemed at risk of dropping out.

98.21(3) INAPPROPRIATE USES OF CATEGORICAL FUNDING.

Inappropriate uses of the returning dropout and dropout prevention program funding include, but are not limited to, indirect costs or use charges, operational or maintenance costs, capital expenditures other than equipment, student transportation, administrative costs other than those related to a separate school located off site and where the administrator is assigned exclusively to this program, expenses related to the routine duties of a school nurse, general support for a school guidance counselor including any activities performed with qualified students that are also provided to all students, or any other expenditures not directly related to providing the returning dropout and dropout prevention program beyond the scope of the regular classroom.

[ARC 8054B, IAB 8/26/09, effective 9/30/09; ARC 9267B, IAB 12/15/10, effective 1/19/11; ARC 0518C, IAB 12/12/12, effective 1/16/13]

Modified Allowable Growth (MAG) is used for Dropout Prevention. Students eligible for services are using MAG funds are defined in Iowa Code 257.39.

DROPOUT

Dropout: as a school-age student who is served by a public school district and enrolled in any of <u>grades seven through twelve</u> and who does not attend school or withdraws from school for a reason other than death or transfer to another approved school or school district or has been expelled with no option to return.

- The National Center for Education Statistics' (NCES) definitions used for dropouts include students who satisfy one or more of the following conditions:
 - Was enrolled in school at some time during the previous school year and was not enrolled by October 1 of the current year; or
 - Was not enrolled by October 1 of the previous school year although was expected to be enrolled some time during the previous school year; and
 - Has not graduated from high school or completed a state- or districtapproved educational program; and
 - Does not meet any of the following exclusionary conditions: a) transfer to another public school district, private school, or state- or district-approved educational program, b) temporary school-recognized absence for suspension or illness, c) death, or d) move out of the state or leave the country.
 - A student who has left the regular program to attend an adult program designed to earn a General Educational Development (GED) or an adult high school diploma administered by a community college IS considered a dropout. However, a student who enrolls in an alternative school or alternative program administered by a public school district IS NOT considered a dropout. (Iowa Condition of Education for 2010, page 231)

RETURNING DROPOUT

Resident pupils who have been enrolled in a public or nonpublic school in any of grades seven through twelve who withdrew from school for a reason other than transfer to another school or school district and who subsequently enrolled in a public school in the district. (Iowa Code 257.39)

POTENTIAL DROPOUT

Resident pupils who are enrolled in a public or nonpublic school who demonstrate poor school adjustment as indicated by **two or more of the following**: (Iowa Code 257.39)

- 1. High rate of absenteeism, truancy, or frequent tardiness.
- 2. Limited or no extracurricular participation or lack of identification with school, including but not limited to expressed feelings of not belonging.
- 3. Poor grades, including but not limited to failing in one or more school subjects or grade levels.
- 4. Low achievement scores in reading or mathematics which reflect achievement at two years or more below grade level.
- 5. Children in grades kindergarten through 3 who meet the definition of at-risk children adopted by the department of education.

LOCAL INDICATORS FOR POTENTIAL DROPOUTS

The Department of Education has instructed school districts to define local thresholds for attendance and "no connection." Districts must also define 'failing' and 'no progression' at the local level. Achievement has been specifically defined by the Department of Education as two years below grade level.

Students who have at least one indicator marked under a minimum of two Criteria are considered Potential Dropouts and may be eligible for MAG funded programs and activities.

MCSD POTENTIAL DROPOUT INDICATORS

Criteria 1: High rate of absenteeism, truancy, or frequent tardiness.

- Absent 20% or more of school days (one day or more per week)
- Student truant eight or more days per semester
- Tardy 20% or more days (one or more days per week)

Criteria 2: Limited or no extracurricular participation or lack of identification with school including, but not limited to, expressed feelings of not belonging.

- Expelled
- Three or more incidents of inappropriate verbal or physical interactions, **each** resulting in a school suspension (in or out) **or**
- Involvement with legal system
- Attended more than three schools in past two years **or**
- Moved more than three times during school year or
- Returning from residential placement
- Evidence, reports or self-reports of more than one instance of being victim of bullying or bullying others
- Documented statements made about hating school **or**
- No extra-curricular activities **or**
- Retained in elementary or middle school
- Teen parent

Criteria 3: Poor grades including, but not limited to, failing in one or more school subjects or grade levels.

- Number of credits not sufficient to graduate with class (overage / under-credited)
- Failing two or more courses at middle/high school level
- Failing Language Arts or Math (specifically) at MS/HS level
- Incomplete work having significant impact on learning and/or grades.

Criteria 4: Low achievement scores in reading or mathematics, which reflect achievement at two years or more below grade level. (Refer to chart in plan)

- Reading achievement two years or more below grade level on Iowa Assessments
- Math achievement two year or more below grade level on Iowa Assessments

Iowa Assessment - Standard Score Cut Points for 2 Years Below Grade Level	
From Iowa Department of Education MAG Application	

Fall, Midyear, and Spring Norms:							
	Fal	l	Midyo	Midyear		Spring	
Grade	Reading NSS	Math NSS	Reading NSS	Math NSS	Reading NSS	Math NSS	
3	137	138	141	142	150	150	
4	157	158	161	162	168	168	
5	175	176	179	180	185	186	
6	192	192	195	195	200	200	
7	205	206	208	209	214	214	
8	219	219	222	222	227	228	
9	232	232	234	234	239	240	
10	244	244	246	246	250	250	
11	254	254	256	256	260	260	

Criteria 5: Children in grades kindergarten through 3 who meet the definition of atrisk children adopted by the department of education.

• See Supplemental At-Risk Plan within this document

IDENTIFICATION AND PLANNING (MAG)

Buildings will screen students using the MCSD Potential Dropout Indicators at least once a year. If a student meets two of the five criteria, as based on the Local Indicators, the building team must then determine if there is a need for additional supports for student to remain in school and progress toward graduation. Some students may have risk factors but don't need additional supports because the current supports are enough for successful progression. Some supports may not require MAG funding or programming.

If the team determines additional supports are needed a **MAG Support Plan** will be written. The plan will be based on a minimum of one of the **Criteria** identified and measured using a minimum of one of the identified **Local Indicators**. The plan will be reviewed a minimum of twice a year and adjusted according to the data. The **MAG Support Plan** will be kept in the student's cumulative folder for a minimum of one year.

MAG STUDENT PLAN

MSP – PART A - IDENTIFICATION

Student _____ Date _____

LIST DATA ONLY IN THOSE AREAS OF CONCERN

	Measure	Date & Score of Pre- Data	Date & Score of Post Data
Criteria 1: High rate of absenteeism,	truancy, or freque	nt tardiness.	
Absent 20% or more of school days (one day or more per week)	# Absences / Total Days Enrolled		
Student truant eight or more days per semester	# Truancies / Total Days		
Tardy 20% or more days (one or more days per week)	# Tardies / Total Days		
Criteria 2: Limited or no extracurric with school including, but not limited			
Expelled	Yes / No		
Three or more incidents of inappropriate verbal or physical interactions, each resulting in a school suspension (in or out) or Involvement with legal system	# Incidences & # days suspension per incidence OR Reason for legal involvement		
Attended more than three schools in past two years or	# Schools OR # moves OR		
Moved more than three times during school year or	description of placement		
Returning from residential placement			
Evidence, reports or self-reports of more than one instance of being victim of bullying or bullying others	# reports		

	Measure	Date & Score of Pre- Data	Date & Score of Post Data	
Documented statements made about hating school or	# Statements or			
No extra-curricular activities or	Retention			
Retained in elementary or middle school	Information			
Teen parent	Yes / No			
Criteria 3: Poor grades including, bu school subjects or grade levels.	t not limited to, fai	ling in one or	more	
Number of credits not sufficient to graduate with class (overage / under- credited)	# credits/ # needed			
Failing two or more courses at middle/high school level	Names of courses failing			
Failing Language Arts or Math (specifically) at MS/HS level	Names of courses failing			
Incomplete work having significant impact on learning and/or grades.	Data to support			
Criteria 4: Low achievement scores in reading or mathematics, which reflect achievement at two years or more below grade, level.				
Reading achievement two years or more below grade level on Iowa Assessments	Standard Score – refer to Plan			
Math achievement two years or more below grade level on Iowa Assessments	Standard Score – refer to Plan			
Criteria 5: Children in grades kinder of at-risk children adopted by the de			definition	
See Supplemental At-Risk Plan within this document	NA			

MSP – PART B - IMPLEMENTATION

Student	Da	L.a.
Student	Da	Te
Deddene	Du	

- 1. Clear description of the concern based on numeric data (baseline data):
- 2. Clear description of the goal based on the Criteria and Indicator(s):
- 3. Clear description of the research-based support/intervention to be used:
- 4. Name of person responsible for implementing the plan:
- 5. Time frame: Include specific information when possible i.e. start/end dates, number of sessions, etc.
- 6. Expected outcomes in same measurable terms as baseline data:

MSP – PART C - EVALUATION

Student	Date	
Person Completing Evaluation		

- 1. Clearly state pre-post data in numeric form:
- 2. Based on data, was the plan successful?
- 3. Is the student now meeting or expected to meet the identified goals?
- 4. Next steps brief narrative:

MAG RESOURCES

These programs, resources and supports are available to address the concerns of <u>identified</u> Dropouts, Returning Dropouts and Potential Dropouts who need additional support. This list is always changing and not intended to be all-inclusive.

Attendance	Connection	Grades / Credits	Achievement
Student	Student	Student	Student
Interventionist	Interventionist	Interventionist	Interventionist
East Campus	East Campus	East Campus East Campus	
Juvenile Court	Juvenile Court	Choices (middle	Read 180
Liaison	Liaison	school)	
ALC (credit	Peer Mediation	ALC (credit	Fusion Reading
recovery)		recovery)	
Community Liaison	Community Liaison	Summer Programs	
(home visits, student	(home visits, student		
contracts)	contracts)		
Mentor	Summer Transition	Homework Help	Tutoring
	programs		
Teen Age Parent	Mentor	Tutoring	
Services – TAPS			
	Teen Age Parent		
	Services – TAPS		
	Choices (middle		
	school)		

Professional Development for all staff working with At Risk Students. Topics may include:

- Positive Behavior Intervention Supports
- Strategies to increase academic achievements of At Risk students, such as Struggling Readers, KU Strategies, etc.
- Increasing awareness of needs of At Risk students
- Successful mentoring programs and techniques

MAG PROGRAM EVALUATION (MPE)

In order to assure we are meeting the needs of our students, each program, resource and support funded through MAG dollars is required to complete a report at the end of the year.

MAG PROGRAM EVALUATION (MPE)

MPE - PART A – PROGRAM EXPECTATIONS

Program: ______ School Year _____

Person Completing Report:

All positions and programs funded with MAG dollars must complete this report.

School Level: (Mark all that apply)

___ Elementary ____ Middle School ____ High School

Targeted Audience (Mark all that apply)

_____ Returning Dropouts (Grades 7-12 only) _____ Potential Dropouts

Program will focus on helping students to: (select only one)

_____ Staying in School _____ Progressing in School _____Completing School

Strategies:

All strategies, activities, programs and initiatives must be **IN ADDITION TO** the general education instruction and school wide academic/behavior supports already in place for all students. Additional information and specific definitions can be found at http://dww.ed.gov/Dropout-Prevention/

Check all that apply, with a minimum of one.

Academic Strategies		Personal/Social Strategies	
	Individual or small group reading/Math		Family Training/Supports
	Strategy Instruction		Mentoring
	PBIS (Positive Behavior Interventions and		Interpersonal Skills
	Supports) – intensive or supplemental		Problem Solving Skills/Conflict
	assistance		Resolution Instruction
	Individualized learning		Case Management
	Use of technology:		After-School Programs
	Tutoring		Service-learning
	Alternative School/Offsite Alternative		Community collaboration
	Program		Check and Connect
			Advisory Programs
Career	r/Community Strategies	Other	
	Job Shadowing		Please Explain
	Work Experience		
	Skill Development		

Projections and Narrative

1. Past Results/Outcomes (continued program) or Justification for Program (new program). Numeric data only.

2. Projected/Expected Number of Students Served by this Program: _____

3. Projected outcomes stated in **numeric, measurable form** aligned with data in Past Outcomes or Justification data.

4. Narrative describing specific interventions/activities that will take place to achieve these outcomes.

Because each program has a different focus and is individualized to meet the needs of students, the reporting format will be different for each. However, the basic data remains the same and is outlined below.

- 1. Student Data
- 2. Name
- 3. Grade
- 4. Goal
- 5. Pre/Post Data
- 6. Must be numeric
- 7. Must support Program Focus
- 8. Goal Achieved (yes/no)
- 9. Total Number of Students Served
- 10. Intervention Data Program Specific
- 11. Example: # times mentors met, # tutoring sessions, # Conflict Resolutions held per semester, description of specific application of professional development, % Score in Read 180, etc.
- 12. Was the projected outcome met?

APPENDIX

MAG STRATEGIES DEFINED

Academic Strategies are represented by any activity implemented to improve the capacity for learning and the application of learning for core areas in education such as reading, math, language, science, social studies, etc. Supplemental instruction, intensive instruction, alternative programming, are all intended to improve skills for academic learning and/or the application of academic learning for students identified as returning/potential dropouts. The most effective way to reduce the number of children who will ultimately drop out is to provide the best possible classroom instruction from the beginning of their school experience.

- **Individual or small group reading/Math Strategy Instruction::** Help lowachieving students recognize that focusing on reading, writing and math skills is the foundation for effective learning in all other subjects.
- PBIS (Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports) intensive or supplemental assistance
- **Individualized learning:** An intensive level of customized individual academic programming for at-risk students that promotes each student's unique interests and past learning experiences. An individualized instructional program for each student allows for flexibility in teaching methods and motivational strategies to consider these individual differences.
- **Use of technology:** Technology offers some of the best opportunities for delivering instruction which engages students in authentic learning, addresses multiple intelligences, and adapts to students' learning styles in a media-rich environment.
- **Tutoring:** Tutoring is a one-to-one activity, focused on academics and is an effective practice when addressing specific needs such as reading, writing, or math competencies. Tutoring should focus on specific strategy instruction to assist students with the ability to be a better student overall. Strategies and content should differ from that used in the general education classroom.
- Alternative School/Offsite Alternative Program: designed to provide an alternative to dropping out of school, with special attention to the student's individual social needs and the academic requirements for a high school diploma. These schools can also provide rich experiences to those students who are returning dropouts. Alternative programs exist at all levels, alternative schools currently exist at the high school level.

Personal/Social Strategies are represented by any activity implemented to improve student knowledge and application of skills involved in becoming healthy, self-confident and motivated, knowing what behaviors are expected, curbing impulses to misbehave, being able to wait, following directions, knowing how to ask for help, expressing needs, and cooperating and getting along with others.

- **Mentoring:** A one-to-one caring, supportive relationship between a mentor and a mentee that is based on trust. The mentor makes a commitment to provide guidance and support for the mentee to develop their fullest potential based on their vision for the future. Mentoring occurs in many different formats including the traditional one-to-one relationship, a one-to-group relationship, and recently a "telementoring" relationship having multiple relationships about different topics.
- **Family Training/Supports:** Research consistently finds that family engagement has a direct, positive effect on children's achievement and is the most accurate predictor of a student's success in school.
- Interpersonal Skills
- **Problem Solving Skills/Conflict Resolution Instruction**: Students who don't feel safe at school will not want to stay in school. Dealing with conflict constructively is a skill that when adopted into a school's culture will provide a safe environment for learning.
- **Case Management:** Coordinated effort of staff assigned a specific caseload to oversee all parts of a student's success at home, in school and in the community.
- **After-School Programs**: Help to eliminate information loss and inspire interest in a variety of areas.
- **Service-learning** connects meaningful community service experiences with academic learning. This teaching/learning method promotes personal and social growth, career development, and civic responsibility and can be a powerful vehicle for effective school reform at all grade levels.
- **Community collaboration:** When all groups in a community provide collective support to the school, an infrastructure is created that provides a caring supportive environment where youth can thrive and achieve. Collaborating with community agencies helps students stay in school and make right choices by connecting schools with needed community resources. By bringing resources, services, parents, and volunteers into schools, we create a community of caring adults who work hand in hand with educators. The collaborations help communities assess the needs of their youth, design plans for meeting those needs, using existing resources and connecting young people with services in a variety of ways.
- Check and Connect
- Advisory Programs: Promote healthy student development, support academic success, and provide multiple opportunities to bridge the divide between healthy development and academic success. They help ensure that all young people have an adult who knows them well. Advisory helps create stronger bonds among young people, usually cutting across the typical exclusionary social groups that form in schools. It is the "safe container" for discussing adolescent concerns and provides an ideal setting to teach and practice important life skills. Advisories encourage student voice on school wide issues. Finally, they establish a forum for academic, college and career coaching, and advisement that cuts across subject areas. In short, advisory programs encourage both student achievement and healthy development

directly through instruction, coaching, and monitoring; and indirectly through increasing attachment to school.

Career/Community Strategies are represented by any activity implemented to improve student knowledge, exploration, and or training in career fields/pathways. Awareness, exploration, preparation and transition initiatives (between schools and or between school and work) are implied. Efforts to link academic learning to application in career development are also implied. Examples of program efforts include but are not limited to career planning; classes in career awareness; shadowing; work experiences, internships, and apprenticeships; transition experiences and planning, and career and technical training/preparation classes and courses.

- Job Shadowing
- Work Experience
- Skill Development